BY ORDER OF THE COMMANDER 926TH FIGHTER WING

926th FIGHTER WING INSTRUCTION 36-801 15 April 1999

Personnel



ALTERNATE WORK SCHEDULE WORK PLAN

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This instruction implements AFPD 36-8, *Employees Benefits and Entitlements*. It establishes procedures and provides information, definitions, and instructions essential to the administration of the Alternate Work Schedule (AWS) Work Plan for employees assigned to the 926th Fighter Wing, NAS JRB New Orleans, LA 70143-0050.

Chapter 1

INTRODUCTION

- **1.1. Scope** . The purpose of this instruction is to serve as a general reference document describing the 926th Fighter Wing Alternate Work Schedule Work Plan.
- **1.2. Policies**. The procedures outlined in this instruction are directive in nature and apply to all units within the 926th Fighter Wing.
- **1.3. Responsibilities** . The Civilian Personnel Office (926 Support Group/DPC) is responsible for this instruction and will process any changes, additions and deletions approved by the 926FW/CC. Units should forward recommended changes to 926 Support Group/DPC and provide a point of contact (POC) for changes submitted.
- **1.4.** Local Distribution . This instruction shall be made accessible to all 926 Fighter Wing civilian personnel.

Chapter 2

926TH FIGHTER WING ALTERNATE WORK SCHEDULE WORK PLAN

2.1. References:

- a. Title 5 U.S.C., Subpart E, Chapter 61
- b. 5 CFR Chapter 1, Part 610, Subpart D
- c. Defense Civilian Pay System (DCPS) UM-04
- d. DoD 7000.14-R, Volume 8
- e. AFI 36-807/AFRES Supplement
- f. Memorandum of Agreement Between 926th FW and NFFE Local 513
- **2.2. Objectives.** To improve morale and quality of life while maintaining mission readiness/capability and quality productivity, and to give employees the opportunity to balance work and family responsibilities more easily.
- **2.3. Duration.** This plan and procedures are effective with the beginning of the 1999 Leave Year (Pay Period 2, starting 3 January 1999) and shall remain in effect until otherwise rescinded, revised or superseded by joint agreement between management and NFFE Local 513. If the agency determines that any portion of this plan has had an adverse agency impact, it shall promptly take corrective action to reverse same utilizing the criteria in 5 U.S.C. 6131.

2.4. Conditions and Regulatory Restrictions:

- 2.4.1. The "agency/organizational unit" as a whole will remain open for business five days per workweek. The Air Force administrative workweek begins at 0001 Sunday and ends at 2400 on the next following Saturday. Within these parameters, the 926th FW basic workweek is established as Monday through Friday. The basic workday (not on AWS) will commence at 0700, consist of one unpaid 45 minute meal period from 1130 1215, and end at 1545, for a total of 8 working hours. Exceptions must be approved on a case by case basis by the Wing Commander after times have been coordinated between employee and supervisor. Individual Group Commanders (Operations, Logistics, Support, and Medical) will be responsible for developing and documenting alternate work schedules within their respective groups to ensure adequate section/office coverage, as well as to provide for customer service. The AWS may also be utilized to extend office coverage for primary Unit Training Assemblies (UTAs). Meal periods authorized under the AWS will be a minimum of thirty minutes and a maximum of one hour.
- 2.4.2. This AWS Plan is designed to provide flexibility for both the employee and the organization. Bargaining unit employees are eligible to participate in the AWS program, however, no employee will be required to participate in this program.

2.4.2.1. Authorized Work Schedules are:

DEFENSE CIVILIAN PAY SYSTEM CODES (DCPS)

Not on AWS Code "0"
Flexitour Code "1"
Gliding Code "2"

Maxiflex Code "5" (Available to Air Crews only)

NOTE: See Attachment 1 and Figure 1 for further terms, definitions and explanations of each type of AWS.

- 2.4.2.2. Core Hours are defined as those hours during each workday that an employee on an AWS must be present for duty or in an appropriate leave status. For the normal day shift, AWS core hours will be: 0815 to 1100 and 1300 to 1445 hours. The agency's bandwidth (earliest starting and latest ending times) will normally be 0600 to 1800. To accommodate a second shift, the agency's bandwidth may be extended from 1800 to 2300 at the discretion of the Operations Group and/or Logistic Group commander. Core hours for the second shift will be 1500 to 1900. The agency may approve a core time deviation in which the absence during core time shall be made up during flexible time bands. The agency may authorize the employee to make up the absence during the same workday or subsequent work day within the work week, or the same biweekly pay period.
- 2.4.2.3. With Operations Group and/or Logistics Group commander approval, work-centers that schedule shifts based on the flying schedule may vary the bandwidth and core times for mission accomplishment.

2.4.2.4. Within respective Groups:

- 2.4.2.4.1. Employees will submit an initial schedule request, selecting one of the above four authorized work schedules. Supervisors will be responsible for approving or disapproving an authorized AWS for each employee while ensuring adequate coverage of the work unit. The selection of the AWS and any subsequent changes thereto will be documented and maintained in the appropriate supervisory file.
- 2.4.2.4.2. Prior to or upon the implementation date of this plan, each current 926FW civilian employee must submit to their respective supervisor a request similar to the example at Attachment 3 documenting their preferred work schedule. This documentation will be maintained by the supervisor in the appropriate files. If an employee desires to change their AWS, another written request must be submitted. Each newly hired civilian employee will also be required to complete this documentation. Any approved change to an existing work schedule must be received in the payroll office no later than the Wednesday prior to the end of the pay period.
- 2.4.2.4.3. In order to provide flexibility sufficient to ensure fair results and meet the needs of the organization, if changes to the employee/section's work schedule are to be made, the

employee shall be provided the opportunity to grieve any such change that was made without his/her consent.

- 2.4.2.4.4. Supervisors will make every reasonable effort to honor an employee's request, subject to constraints such as work requirements, mission impact, and safety. If the supervisor cannot approve an employee's request, the employee and the supervisor will discuss possible alternatives. Disapproval's will be explained to the employee.
- 2.4.2.5. Civilian employee tours of duty will not be adjusted to avoid taking proper leave for personal convenience when performing military duties.

2.5. Management/Supervisory Responsibilities:

- 2.5.1. Management/supervisors are to determine the number and kinds of employees on duty during any hours of any given day to ensure that essential work is accomplished. Where appropriate, management/supervisor will determine minimum/maximum number of employees on any given tour of duty within any given work section.
- 2.5.2. Management/supervisors may restrict an employee's choice of days off if it would adversely impact the section's mission accomplishment.
- 2.5.3. Management/supervisors may withdraw or alter an AWS to meet organizational mission requirements or due to employee abuse.
- 2.5.4. As relates to mission requirements, management/supervisors may request an employee change their approved schedule. Volunteers will be solicited, and should no one volunteer, seniority based on total creditable service will be utilized to determine which employee will be required to change their schedule. The maximum possible advance notice will be given to all employees.
- 2.5.5. Management/supervisors may exempt from the AWS any employee or groups of employees and/or restrict an employee's choice of arrival times if the participation in the program has had or is anticipated to: (1) have an adverse impact on the accomplishment of the mission; (2) incur additional cost; or (3) substantially disrupt an office's functions. Nothing in the AWS program represents nor is intended as a relinquishment of any management right according to law and regulatory guidance.
- 2.5.6. Management/supervisors determine the type of work schedule an employee will be on while TDY. If the AWS is changed for the TDY period, the employee has the option to revert to their former schedule upon return to home station.
- **2.6. Premium Pay.** Will be computed according to applicable laws and regulations.
- **2.7. Holiday Pay.** An employee on an AWS who performs work on a legal holiday is entitled to pay at a rate of basic pay, plus premium pay which is paid at a rate equal to the basic pay rate for work which is not in excess of the basic work requirement. For hours worked on a legal holiday in excess of the basic work requirement, the employee is entitled to overtime pay in accordance with applicable provisions.
- **2.8.** Charges to Leave. Employees participating in an AWS who are on approved leave will be charged in the same number of hours scheduled on the AWS or for parts absent from the scheduled day (hour per hour; by quarter hour). There is no requirement for employees to use flexible hours for medical or dental appointments or other personal matters if the employee wishes to charge this time to other types of leave.

An employee may choose to charge time off during flexible hours to the appropriate leave category or use credit time.

- **2.9. Time Accounting Method.** A time accounting method (sign-in/sign-out sheets) shall be established for each employee on an AWS that will provide affirmative evidence that each employee subject to the AWS has worked the proper number of hours in a biweekly pay period. Supervisors will be responsible for developing, monitoring, and maintaining these official documents which will be used by timekeepers for time and attendance purposes. These official documents will be subject to unannounced audit.
- **2.10.** Holiday Scheduling. See Attachment 2 for guidance as set forth in Section 6103(b)(2) of Title 5 U.S.C. and E.O. 11582 in determining holidays under an AWS. An employee on a <u>flexible work schedule</u> (including Maxi-flex) will be entitled to basic pay for <u>eight hours</u>.
- **2.11.** New Employees. New employees may be allowed to work an AWS as soon as possible. However, supervisors may require a new employee to work during the official business hours until he/she becomes sufficiently oriented to work independently during flexible time without supervision.
- **2.12. Second Shift.** Those employees whose duties <u>temporarily</u> require them to work a second shift, will revert back to their AWS each time after working the second shift.
- **2.13. Duty Hours.** Eligible employees who desire to participate in an AWS may begin the work day no earlier than 0600 or any later time up to the beginning of the applicable core hours. During the specified core hours, employees must either be present for duty or in an authorized leave status. Individuals on Maxiflex (AWS code 5) must work within the core hours a minimum of three days per workweek. Employees are required to take a minimum thirty-minute meal period. The maximum length of time authorized for a meal period is one hour. Meal periods will not be taken at the end of the workday in order to shorten the duty day during core hours, nor will they be skipped in order to shorten the length of the duty day.
 - 2.13.1. Not on AWS. Employees are to complete a Work Schedule Request documenting their preference not to participate in the AWS plan. Employees are to be present for duty or on an approved leave status 0700 1545, Monday through Friday, except for the 45-minute meal period at 1130 1215.
 - 2.13.2. Flexitour (AWS 1) employees will submit an initial schedule request. Flexitour schedules have a fixed arrival time established. Meal periods may vary from thirty minutes to one hour, which in turn would alter departure times. If the employee needs to change their initial schedule another request must be submitted. If the supervisor cannot approve an employee's request, the employee and the supervisor will discuss possible alternatives. Supervisors will make every reasonable effort to honor an employee's request subject to constraints such as work requirements, mission impact and safety.
 - 2.13.3. Gliding Schedule (AWS 2) employees will submit an initial schedule request approximating a predominant pattern of arrival and departure. If the employee needs to change their initial schedule another request must be submitted. If the supervisor cannot approve an employee's request, the employee and the supervisor will discuss possible alternatives. Supervisors will make every reasonable effort to honor an employee's request subject to constraints such as work requirements, mission impact and safety.

- 2.13.4. Maxiflex Work Schedule (AWS 5) (Available to Air Crew members only) Each pay period employees will submit a proposed work schedule no later than Wednesday prior to the beginning of the following pay period to their respective supervisor (see example at Attachment 4). Supervisors will make every reasonable effort to honor an employee's request subject to constraints such as work requirements, mission impact and safety.
- **2.14. Credit Hours.** Credit hours are those hours, or portions thereof, within a <u>flexible work schedule</u>, and are in excess of an employee's basic work requirement, but within the tour of duty, which <u>the employee elects</u> to work so as to vary the length of a work day or work week, <u>with supervisory concurrence</u>. Credit hours will not be earned while TDY for training. Credit hours will be recorded in the Defense Civilian Pay System.
 - 2.14.1. Credit hours may be worked only by employees on <u>flexible schedules</u>. Credit hours are hours in excess of the basic work requirement, but within the tour of duty. Credit hours are distinguished from overtime hours in that they are not officially ordered in advance by management. Credit hours <u>are not authorized</u> for employees not on an AWS. Credit hours may be earned prior to the beginning of the work day. Credit hours may not be 'regularly scheduled' on a daily basis in order to have a set day off each week, i.e., earn two hours each day Monday through Thursday in order to have each Friday off or to create any other "hybrid" work schedule. The fulfillment of an employee's basic work requirements in less than ten days during the biweekly pay period constitutes a <u>compressed</u> work schedule, not a flexible schedule, and credit hours are not authorized on a compressed work schedule, nor is a compressed work schedule authorized for 926FW personnel.
 - 2.14.2. A full-time employee cannot carry more than 24 credit hours from one pay period to the next pay period. There is no limit on the total number of credit hours which may be accumulated and used during any one biweekly pay period, however, any credit hours in excess of the 24 hour maximum carryover must be taken during the pay period or they will be forfeited. Credit hours must be earned before used. The use of credit hours, like any other authorized leave, will be scheduled by the employee in advance. Final approval for use of credit hours is up to the supervisor based on mission needs. Normally credit hours will *not* be earned prior to the beginning of the band width (0600). As an exception to the norm, if an employee desires to work credit hours before the beginning of the band width, approval by the applicable group commander to do so must be obtained <u>prior</u> to working.
 - 2.14.3. The employee receives no additional pay for credit hours when these hours are credited to his or her account. Supervisors must maintain proper documentation of credit hours through their established time account method. It is the employee's and supervisor's responsibility to zero out any credit time prior to employee transfer or termination. Credit hours, not to exceed 24 hours total, shall be paid at the employee's current hourly rate when an employee is no longer subject to a flexible work schedule program or upon separation.
 - 2.14.4. Credit hours shall not be used by an employee to increase the entitlement to overtime pay. Credit hours shall be considered daytime hours whenever possible. Credit hours are considered a part of the basic work requirement (non-overtime work) in the biweekly pay period to which they are applied. Premium pay and/or shift differentials will be applied in accordance with regulatory guidelines.
 - 2.14.5. Credit hours shall be earned and used in the same increments as other leave. All credit hours earned and taken must be accounted for in the same manner as other types of leave.

- **2.15.** Excused Absences. Are those periods of time when an employee is absent from the work place in an approved leave status.
 - 2.15.1. Administrative Leave. In order to minimize the problem of determining how much excused absence should be granted to employees on AWS, parties agree that determination of the amount of time should be retained by the employer to be based on various conditions and situations. In determining the amount of excused absence for voting, donating blood, or inclement weather, use the predominant pattern of arrival, i.e.: the employee arrives at 7:30 on four out of five days. In case of inclement weather, employees on an AWS will report to work at the same specified time as other employees when the base opening has been delayed. Employees who are sent home early because of adverse conditions will depart at the time so designated by the appropriate authority.
 - 2.15.2. All Other Periods of Excused Absences: In order to minimize the problem of determining the amount of chargeable leave, <u>use the predominate pattern of arrival and departure</u>. Leave (except for military) will be charged in quarter-hour increments, based upon the employee's established AWS.

2.16. Lunch/Meal Periods:

- 2.16.1. In rare and extenuating circumstances, supervisors may authorize an on-the-job meal period of twenty minutes or less, otherwise employees must take a minimum of a thirty minute meal period. On-the-job meal periods require that employees spend their on-the-job meal at or near their work stations; and the time covered by the twenty minute on-the-job meal period is compensable. Employees given duty free meal periods will not receive compensation for that time.
- 2.16.2. When a meal is consumed during a long distance flight, an on-the-job meal not to exceed twenty minutes may be authorized if time to take a meal break on the ground is not possible.
- 2.16.3. On-the-job meal periods will be annotated on the time and attendance records as "No Lunch Period" (NLP).
- 2.16.4. If the supervisor assigns work to an employee during their authorized meal period, appropriate compensation must be provided.

JIM G. MILLS, Colonel, USAFR Commander

GLOSSARY OF REFERENCES AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Terms

Agency/Organizational Unit—926th Fighter Wing, NAS JRB New Orleans, Louisiana

Alternate Work Schedule (AWS)—Any flexible or compressed work schedule which differentiates from the standard 8-hour day, 40-hour week, 80-hour biweekly, Monday through Friday administrative workweek.

Band Width—The band width is normally that period of time between 0600 and 1800 hours, allowing for a minimum 30-minute meal period.

Basic Work Week Requirement—The number of hours, excluding overtime hours, an employee must work or otherwise account for by leave, credit hours, etc. A full-time employee must work 80 hours per biweekly pay period. The basic work week shall normally be Monday through Friday, unless changed by the employer to accomplish special work requirements.

Biweekly Pay Period—A two-week period for which an employee is scheduled to perform work.

Compensatory Time—Compensatory time off under the General Schedule is distinguished from credit hours in that compensatory time off derives from entitlement to pay for overtime work. Entitlement to compensation in the form of credit hours derives from work performed at the option of the employee in excess of the employee's basic work requirement. An agency may grant compensatory time off in lieu of overtime pay at the request of the employee.

Compressed Schedule—This type of work schedule is not authorized within the 926FW.

Core Time—That period of time during each work day when an employee must be present for work or in an appropriate leave status.

Credit Hours—Any hours, or portions thereof, within a flexible schedule, and are in excess of an employee's basic work requirement, but within the tour of duty, which the employee elects to work so as to vary the length of a work day or work week, but with supervisory concurrence. Credit hours are distinguished from overtime hours in that they are not officially ordered in advance by management. Credit hours are authorized only for employees on a flexible schedule.

Excused Absences—That period of time when an employee is absent from the work place in an approved leave status.

Flexitour Schedule—A flexible schedule which consists of five 8-hour days, 40 hours each week, and 80 hours biweekly. A fixed arrival time is established. Meal periods may vary as well as departure times. Credit hours may be authorized.

Gliding Schedule—A flexible schedule which consists of five 8-hour days, 40 hours each week, and 80 hours biweekly. Arrival and departure times may be varied without notification to management. Credit hours may be authorized.

Holidays—Employees will be credited with the appropriate number of holiday hours based upon their previously established /approved AWS, not to exceed 10 hours per holiday.

Lunch/Meal Period—A minimum of one 30-minute unpaid lunch/meal period is authorized during any

administrative work day. The specific meal period is to be determined by the day shift supervisor for each function to occur within 1100 to 1300 hours. Employees on second shift will have their meal period determined by their supervisor to meet mission needs. Meal periods will not exceed one hour in duration in a basic work day. Periods in excess of one hour will be charged to an appropriate leave status. Employees are to be entirely free of the duties of his or her position during an unpaid meal period.

Maxiflex Work Schedule—A flexible schedule which has a basic work requirement of 80 hours bi-weekly. The administrative workweek may be less than five days per week, and/or less than ten days during the biweekly pay period. Arrival and departure times may be varied. Core time is required only three (3) days per administrative work week. Credit hours are authorized. Variable hours in excess of 40 hours each week are assumed to have been made at the employee's request, and will be reported as credit hours.

Overtime Hours—<u>Flexible Schedule</u>: Overtime hours are all hours of work in excess of 8 in a day or 40 in a week which are <u>officially ordered in advance</u> by management, but does not include credit time.

<u>General:</u> The requirement that overtime hours be officially ordered in advance also applies to nonexempt employees under FLSA. There is no concept of "suffer and permit" for overtime work performed under the AWS program.

TDY—Temporary duty away from home station.

Time Accounting Records—Will be maintained in accordance with applicable regulations and are subject to audit on an unannounced basis.

Tour of Duty—The tour of duty comprises all hours and days for which flexible and core hours have been designated, including those days within a Maxiflex schedule for which only flexible hours are scheduled. Agencies establish flexible and core hours, which may include one or two sets of core hours. A single core hour set includes a standard meal period. A double set of core hours allows for flexible hours at midday.

Work Day—The basic administrative work day will normally consist of 8-hours with a minimum 30-minute meal period, subject to management approval, based on work requirements. Under an AWS, work days may be less than, or exceed 8-hours, depending upon each employee's particular approved AWS.

IN LIEU OF HOLIDAYS

Under section 6103(b)(2) of title 5, U.S.C., and E.O. 11582

Determining Holidays Under Alternative Work Schedules (FAS Ref Guide PT-4)

- 1. With the sunset of Chapter 610 of the Federal Personnel Manual, the guidance provided in Subchapter
- 4, "Alternative Work Schedules," concerning in lieu of holidays is no longer applicable or appropriate. Therefore, agencies must follow the strict reading of the law and the Executive Order to designate in lieu of holidays for employees covered by AWS.
- 2. When a holiday falls on a day that an employee is regularly scheduled to work under a flexible work schedule, the scheduled workday is the employee's holiday.
- a. If the employee is covered by a flexible work schedule, the employee's holiday will comprise 8 hours.
- b. An employee who is required to work on a regularly scheduled workday that is a holiday receives holiday premium pay for working on the holiday and is not entitled to an in lieu of holiday.
- c. If the employee is covered by a <u>flexible work schedule</u>, the employee is entitled to holiday premium pay for 8 hours.
- 3. When a holiday falls on a non-workday for an employee covered by a <u>flexible work schedule</u>, *excluding a flexitime schedule*, and:
- a. The employee's day off is the same day as the holiday, that day is the employee's holiday, and no in lieu of day will be designated. Instead, the employee must choose another day off following the agency's rules for administering its flexible work schedule.
- b. The holiday falls on Sunday, the first regularly scheduled workday following the Sunday-holiday is the employee's in lieu of holiday.
- c. The holiday is not a Sunday, the last regularly scheduled workday preceding the holiday is the employee's in lieu of holiday.

For example:

An employee's administrative workweek is Monday through Friday. The employee has chosen to take Friday off, but the holiday falls on Friday. The Friday is the employee's holiday. The employee must choose another day off under the agency's rules for administering its flexible work schedule. (See rule 3a)

An employee's administrative workweek is Monday through Friday. A holiday falls on Sunday, so the employee's in lieu of holiday is the following Monday. (See rule 3b)

An employee's administrative workweek is Thursday through Monday; Tuesday and Wednesday are non-workdays. A holiday falls on Wednesday, so the employee's in lieu of holiday is the preceding Monday. (See rule 3c)

WORK SCHEDULE REQUEST

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE AIR FORCE RESERVE

(Employee's Signature)

	Date						
EMORAND	UM FOR						
OM:							
BJECT: W	ork Sched	lule Request	Under the I	Provisions of th	ne 926FW A	lternate V	Vork Schedule
			, requ	Work Schedule uest considerat		llowing so	chedule for the
iod beginni	ng			·			
cle your pro	<u>eference</u>						
cle your pro		de "0")		Flexitour (I	OCPS Code	"1")	
	DCPS Cod	*		,	OCPS Code '	ŕ	
t on AWS (ding (DCPS	DCPS Cod	*	Tuesday	,		ŕ	Saturday
t on AWS (ding (DCPS	DCPS Cod S Code "2"	')	Tuesday	Maxiflex (I	OCPS Code '	'5")	Saturday
t on AWS (ding (DCPS) Week 1	DCPS Code "2" Sunday	')	Tuesday	Maxiflex (I	OCPS Code '	'5")	Saturday

1 st Ind,	Date
TO:	
TO.	
Your request is approved.	
Your request is disapproved for the following reason(s):	
(Supervisor's Signature)	
(Supervisor's Signature)	

PROPOSED WORK SCHEDULE FOR PAY PERIOD

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE	
AIR FORCE RESERVE	
	Date:
MEMORANDUM FOR	
FROM:	
(Office Symbol & Employee's Name)	
SUBJECT: Proposed Work Schedule for Pay Period Beginning	
PROPOSED SCHEDIJI E	

SUNDAY						
WEEK 1	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	IN	OUT
MONDAY						
TUESDAY						
WEDNESDAY						
THURSDAY						
FRIDAY						
SATURDAY						
WEEK 2						
SUNDAY						
MONDAY						
TUESDAY						
WEDNESDAY						
THURSDAY						
FRIDAY						
SATURDAY						

(Employee's Signature)

Approved/Disapproved.	(Circle one)
(Supervisor	's Signature)

926TH FIGHTER WING ALTERNATE WORK SCHEDULE (AWS) PLAN

Table A5.1. 926th Fighter Wing Alternate Work Schedule (Aws) Plan.

CATEGORY	AWS CODES (Note 1)	IN/ OUT- TIME	HOURS IN DAY	HOURS IN WEEK	HOURS BI-WEEKLY	CREDIT HRS AUTH. (Note 2)	COMP HRS. AUTH.	OVERTIME AUTH.
Not on AWS	0	Set	8	40	80	No	Yes	Yes
Flexitour *	1	Set	8	40	80	Yes	Yes	Yes
Gliding *	2	Varies	8	40	80	Yes	Yes	Yes
Maxiflex Work Schedule */**	5	Varies	Varies	Varies	80	Yes	Yes	Yes

^{* -} Schedule Permits Use of Credit Hours at Activity Discretion

NOTE 1. Code 0 - Not on AWS: Employee has a standard workweek schedule which consists of five 8-hour days, 40 hours each week, 80 hours biweekly. Employees with this code are NOT considered to be on an Alternate Work Schedule.

<u>Code 1 - Flexitour</u>: A flexible schedule which consists of five 8-hour days, 40 hours each week, and 80 hours biweekly. A fixed arrival time is established for each employee. Meal periods as well as departure times may vary. Credit hours may be authorized for this schedle. Overtime is payable for work in excess of eight hours in a day or forty in a week. Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (FLSA) calculations will be performed on <u>forty hours in a week</u> when the FLSA exemption category is nonexempt.

<u>Code 2 - Gliding Schedule</u>: The employee has a basic workweek requirement of five 8-hour days, 40 hours each week, and 80 hours biweekly. The employee may vary *arrival and departure* times without notification. Credit hours may be authorized for this schedule. Overtime is payable for work in excess of eight hours in a day or forty hours in a week. FLSA calculations will be performed on <u>forty hours in a week</u> when the FLSA exemption category is nonexempt.

Code 5 - Maxiflex Work Schedule: The employee has a basic work requirement of 80 hours biweekly. The employee may work less than five days per week and/or less than ten days during the biweekly pay period, and vary arrival and departure times. Core time is only required three days a week. Credit hours are authorized for this schedule. Hours worked in excess of forty hours in a week will be assumed to have been at the employee's request and should be reported as credit hours. FLSA will be computed on a biweekly basis.

Note. A full time employee on a flexible schedule can accumulate not more than 24 credit hours, for carryover from a biweekly pay period to a succeeding biweekly period. (5 U.S.C. 6126)

^{** -} Schedule Allows Fewer Than 10 Work Days in the Bi-Weekly Period